**Semester Exam Review**

1. **Glaciers as they melted, left behind piles of rocks and debris called moraines.**
2. **Solar radiation that warms the Earth Is known as the greenhouse effect.**
3. **Geologic forces heaved slabs of rock upward when the Rocky Mountains were formed.**
4. **The leeward side of produces a rain shadow effect to cause dry areas to develop on mountain ranges.**
5. **Extreme weather in Canada rarely happens because of cold oceans and a lack of extreme temperatures.**
6. **Maps can accurately show the same place with different scales on the map.**
7. **The lithosphere, hydrosphere, and atmosphere make up the biosphere on Earth.**
8. **The mayor of Mexico City tried to reduce pollution by encouraging people to ride bicycles.**
9. **The Geographic Information Systems is used to link images and data from satellites and other sources.**
10. **A cultural boundary was formed when Pakistan a Muslim majority and India a Hindu majority formed two separate countries.**
11. **Monoculture depletes the soil of nutrients.**
12. **An area of lush vegetation in a desert created by an underground stream is called an oasis.**
13. **The Incas where skilled engineers who built a network of roads through the Andes.**
14. **Foreign-owned factories located in Mexico along the border with the United States are called maquiladoras.**
15. **Deciduous trees that change their colors live in areas that a definite change in seasons.**
16. **In Mexico, water is a valuable resource due to its lack of lakes and rivers.**
17. **More than half of all the animal and plant animals live in a tropical wet climate.**
18. **The temperature at higher elevations is lower as compared to lower elevations.**
19. **Deforestation of the rainforest can cause a loss of biodiversity and the extinction of species.**
20. **The belief that the individual’s loyalty to the nation or state surpasses other interests is known as nationalism.**
21. **The study of human geography studies the relationship between people and their environment.**
22. **The eight planets revolving around our sun make up the solar system.**
23. **In the United States, Alaska and Texas have largest petroleum reserves.**
24. **Mexico’s largest resource is petroleum, making it a leader in that category.**
25. **A border formed by mountain range of river between two countries called a natural boundary.**
26. **Imaginary lines that follow Earth’s curvature to identify the shortest distance between two points are called great circle routes.**
27. **The Canadian Shield is giant core of rock anchoring North America and centered on Hudson Bay and James Bay.**
28. **Longitude lines indicate distances east and west from the Prime Meridian.**
29. **A place is understood by focusing broadly on culture, politics, history, and economics.**
30. **The lithosphere consists of the crust, continents, and ocean basins.**
31. **An isthmus, or narrow neck of land, is located in Panama.**
32. **Lines that measure distance from the equator are called latitudinal lines.**
33. **In Mexican culture, the extend family often shares the home with other family members.**
34. **A land bridge in Southern Mexico connects North America to South America.**
35. **Emissions from factories in the United States cause acid rain in Canada threatening timber and water resources.**
36. **The Central Plateau of Mexico is where you most of the food grown and the greatest population density.**
37. **The earth does not receive sunlight evenly because it is tilted on its axis.**
38. **In Central America, deforestation is caused by slash and burn cultivation and commercial logging.**
39. **The thirteen colonies of the U.S. fought a war for independence to escape Britain’s taxes and limits on colonist’s freedom.**
40. **A Mediterranean climate is characterized by mild, rainy winters and hot, dry summers.**
41. **Wetlands such as the Florida everglades provide a habitats for a great variety of vegetation and wildlife.**
42. **The Greater Antilles and Lesser Antilles are part of an archipelago in the Caribbean Sea.**
43. **Northern Mexico has a chaparral biome in which cacti, shrubs, and shrub oak grow.**
44. **The term “site” refers to a specific physical setting such as Miami’s location on Florida’s southeastern tip.**
45. **Migrants to Sao Pablo, Brazil end up living in favelas on the out skirts of the city with no sanitation.**
46. **Urbanization is the movement of people from rural areas to the cities.**
47. **When the Northern Hemisphere is in winter, the Souithern Hemisphere is in summer.**
48. **The Amazon is home to the world’s largest rain forest.**
49. **South America produces grains soybeans and coffee as the major crops.**